

# Your guide to Injury Management





LGIS .	1
Legal obligations	2
Injured worker pack	3
Return to work	4
Workplace rehab providers	5
Forms	6

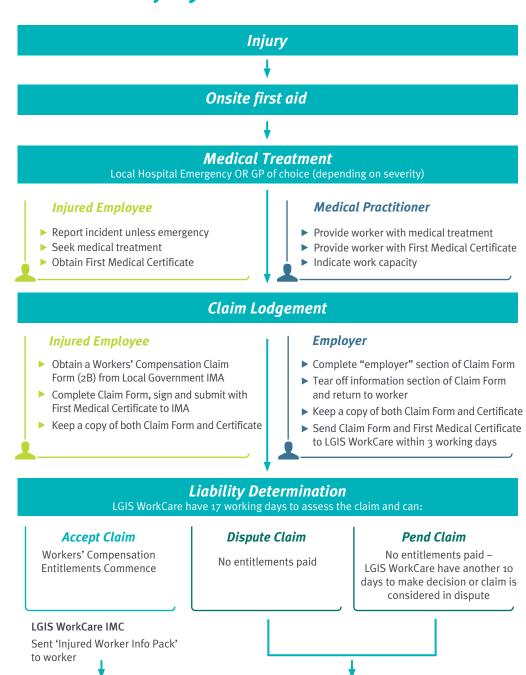


### Injury management information

CITY/SHIRE/TOWN OF:	
The following manual conta	ins the Injury Management policy, procedures and system utilised by the
City/Shire/Town of	and forms an integral part of our ongoing commitment
to providing a safe and heal	thy work environment for all workers.
Injury Management A	dvisor
Day-to-day responsibility f	for injury management at the <b>City/Shire/Town of</b> is held by:
Name:	
Job Title:	
Contact Number:	
Email:	
Medical treatment	
If the injury incurred does	not require an ambulance, then medical attention can be sought at:
Hospital emergency depar	tment:
Doctor's surgery:	
Social Suigery.	
It is the right of all workers	to be provided with a copy of the Injury Management System used by the
City/Shire/Town of	upon request.



### When an injury occurs



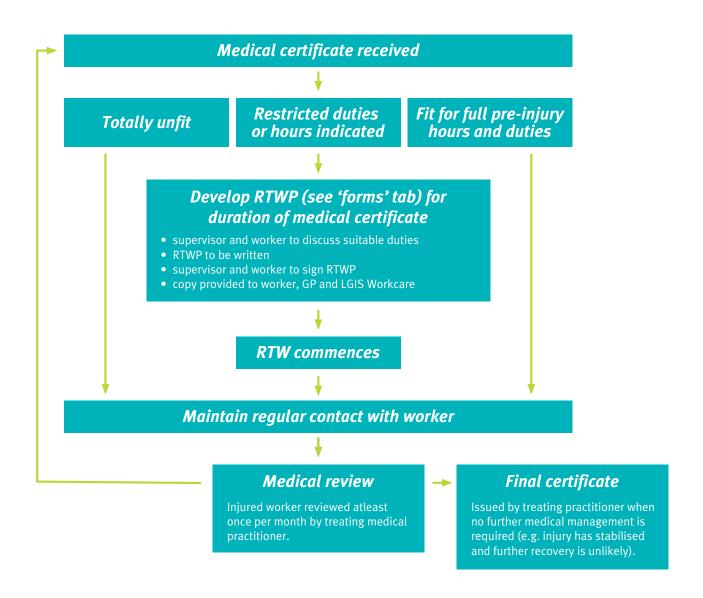
RTW process commences

Injured employee may dispute decision by:

- ► Approaching LGIS WorkCare to re-examine decision
- ► Lodging an application with WorkCover WA Conciliation and Arbitration Service (CAS)



### RTW process flow chart





### Injury management system

FOR USE BY WESTERN AUSTRALIAN LOCAL GOVERNMENT

LGIS WorkCare administers and manages workers' compensation claims on behalf of WA local governments. Services are provided by specialised and experienced claims management staff and in accordance with the Workers' Compensation and Injury Management Act (1981).

LGIS WorkCare also provides in house injury management services facilitated by dedicated and specialised injury management consultants. The LGIS Injury Management manual is an essential tool designed to aid our local government members in the effective application of injury management strategies and processes. Injury management is essentially about effective communication and coordination between claims and rehabilitation practitioners, employers, workers and medical practitioners, to ensure that injured workers are provided all reasonable support and assistance to return to the workplace as safely and quickly as possible.

LGIS WorkCare is committed to working with local governments in applying an integrated and holistic approach to workplace injuries. Our commitment extends to effectively minimising the financial and non-financial cost of injury to local government, the injured worker, and ultimately the community.



### Injury management team

At LGIS, we have a team of experienced injury management consultants who can assist you with all aspects of injury management.

The LGIS Injury Management Consultants are available to provide expert advice on injury management, treatment, rehabilitation and RTW issues. They liase with the worker, the employer, the claims consultant and the treating practitioner to support best-practice medical management of injured workers.

### Our key services to local government include:

- Working together with Injury Management Advisors (IMA's), or those assigned injury management responsibilities within local government, to ensure that they are well resourced, educated and informed regarding their role and its responsibilities
- Working together with key stakeholders (employer, injured worker and treating practitioner) to ensure "best practice" injury management is provided to injured workers at all times
- Working together to provide specific return to work and case management advice to IMA's dealing with injured workers at local government level
- Working together with the LGIS claims consultants and local government to ensure that all aspects of legislative compliance within the workers' compensation system are being met by key stakeholders

At LGIS we also have a team of experienced claims consultants.

**The claims consultants** role includes all or some of the following:

- · Developing a claim strategy
- · Making decisions
- · Processing compensation and entitlements
- Liasing with the injured worker, the employer, the treating practitioner and other stakeholders involved in the claim
- Coordinating the injury management and rehabilitation
- · Resolution of claims.

Contact your IM consultant on 9483 8888



### Injury management policy

#### **Our commitment**

LGIS WorkCare is committed to working together with local government to assist them to attain a safe and healthy work environment for their workers and prevent work-related illness and injury.

In the event of illness or injury being sustained by a worker within local government, *LGIS WorkCare* is committed to ensuring that the worker is provided with injury management and support services to promote recovery and facilitate a timely and durable return to work.

LGIS WorkCare's injury management policy should also be considered with reference to other relevant local government and Scheme policy including (but not limited to) those pertaining to:

- · 05H
- · EEO and diversity
- · Hazard reporting
- · Healthy workplace
- · Leave management
- · Code of Conduct

### **Guiding legislation**

A major purpose of the *Workers' Compensation and Injury Management Act 1981 (The Act)* is to provide for the management of work related injuries in a manner that is directed at enabling injured workers to return to suitable and sustainable work. Injury management provisions in **The Act** are supported by the *Workers' Compensation Code of Practice (Injury Management) 2005* (The Code), which has the status of a subsidiary legislation under section 155A (4) of **The Act**.

The purpose of this document is to describe LGIS WorkCare's injury management policy and procedures.

Relevant legislation includes, but is not limited to:

- · Workers' Compensation and Injury Management Act 1981 (The Act)
  - Section 155B Requirement for an injury management system
  - Section 155C Requirement for establishing return to work programs for individual workers
- Workers' Compensation Code of Practice (Injury Management) 2005 (The Code)
- Guidance Notes for the Code of Practice (Injury Management) 2005

### **Policy statement**

LGIS WorkCare and local government are working together to make provision for the occupational health and injury management of all workers who have sustained a work related illness, injury or disability.

Injury management in this context is described as,

"the management of workers' injuries in a manner that is directed at enabling injured workers to return to work. It is a workplace based process incorporating employer and medical management from the time of the injury or onset of illness to facilitate where practicable, efficient and cost effective maintenance in or return to work".

LGIS WorkCare are working together with local government to adhere to the legislative requirements of The Act and The Code when assisting injured workers involved in the workers' compensation system, and will ensure that workers of local government are provided with the opportunity to either remain at work or return to suitable work when it is deemed medically appropriate. They will ensure that key stakeholders within the system are informed of their rights and responsibilities under The Act and that the local government IMA, injured worker, relevant supervisor and the worker's treating medical practitioner are involved in an agreed and coordinated return to work process, reflective of injury management 'best practice'.



### Injury management core values

The injury management team at LGIS WorkCare provide assistance, education, advice and support to local government, to ensure they are meeting their legislative responsibilities and providing the highest standard of injury management assistance possible for injured workers within the sector.

We acknowledge that by working together we are able to maximise the provision of injury management services to local government workers so they re-enter the workforce after injury, as quickly and productively as possible.

Central to the provision of our injury management services to local government are a number of core beliefs and values including:

- · Work is generally good for health and wellbeing
- All workers have the right to a safe work environment
- Where illness or injury occurs at work, the injured worker is entitled to assistance to return to employment as soon as medically appropriate
- A worker's right to confidentiality is of paramount importance and will be respected at all times throughout the injury management process
- Better return to work outcomes occur when a worker is supported by their workplace in their efforts to return to work
- Statistically, the quicker an appropriate RTWP is initiated, the greater the chance of the worker returning to work
- The injured worker, their treating practitioner, local government and LGIS WorkCare are working together to ensure timely and durable return to work after injury

### **Glossary of Terms**

The Scheme:

LGISWA

LGIS WorkCare

LGISWA segment division providing services to assist local government with the development and implementation of 'best practice' injury management

The Act

Workers' Compensation and Injury Management Act 1981

The Code

Workers' Compensation Code of Practice (Injury Management) 2005

Injury

This term will be used to denote both injury and/or illness

IMC

LGIS WorkCare, injury management consultant

IMA

Local government-based worker assigned with the responsibility of overseeing and implementing LGIS WorkCare's Injury Management system and the return to work process

### **References**

Workers' Compensation and Injury Management Act 1981

Workers' Compensation Code of Practice (Injury Management) 2005

Guidance Notes for The Code of Practice (Injury Management) 2005





### **CHARTER OF PRINCIPLES**

LGIS is a signatory organisation to the Australian Consensus Statement of the Australasian Faculty of Occupational and Environmental Medicine (AFOEM) on the Health Benefits of Good Work

Signatories to the Consensus Statement are committed to actively implementing the principles articulated in the Consensus Statement to create safe, healthy workplaces. As signatories, we acknowledge that good work can play a central role in contributing to people's health and wellbeing.

A commitment to realising the health benefits of good work means:

- When practicable, we encourage and accommodate people to remain connected to the workplace while recovering from illness or injury, as this facilitates shorter recovery times and prevents unnecessary disability.
- We embrace the spirit of inclusive employment practices which helps to reduce the risk of unemployment, social and economic inequality and associated poor health outcomes.
- If injured or ill, we promote best practice rehabilitation and injury management for workers.
- Where appropriate, we encourage people with chronic illness and disabilities to be accommodated in the workplace with a supportive work culture.
- We promote the mental and physical health and well-being of people by fostering a supportive working environment and good interpersonal relationships.
- We understand that good work promotes good health and increases productivity.
- We advocate for safe and healthy work practices knowing this has socioeconomic benefits for both business and the wider community.
- We recognise that involvement in good work can promote social cohesion and increase peoples' sense of contribution to society

Dr Beata Byok

President

Australasian Faculty of Occupational and Environmental Medicine



## Injury management rights and responsibilities

### Informing a worker

Once a claim for workers' compensation has been lodged by an injured worker and accepted by LGIS WorkCare, the worker must be informed of their rights and responsibilities under The Act. LGIS WorkCare is working together with local government to achieve this by sending every worker who has an accepted workers' compensation claim their comprehensive Injured Worker Information Pack.

The appointed IMA within your organisation will receive a letter from LGIS WorkCare at the time of claim acceptance (for lost time injury claims), to advise them of the contact details for their LGIS WorkCare IMC and outline the help and support they can offer. This letter will inform them that the Injured Worker Pack has been sent to their worker.

#### **Key stakeholder rights and responsibilities**

All key stakeholders within the Workers' Compensation system have rights and responsibilities to which they must adhere during the injury management process.

#### These include:

### Injured worker

#### Rights

- Choice of treating medical practitioner and workplace rehabilitation provider (WRP)
- · Access to the prescribed amount
- · Respectful and confidential management of personal information
- To a return to work program as soon as practicable after the treating practitioner indicates in writing that they have a partial capacity for work
- · Involvement in developing the return to work program and a copy of the program in writing

#### Responsibilities

- Keep the employer and treating practitioner informed about changes in medical status or work capacity
- Participate in the agreed return to work program to the best of their ability
- Obtain regular medical information in the form of progress medical certificate regarding fitness for work and injury status
- Attend a medical examination, if requested by LGIS WorkCare, in order to gain further medical information

### **Employer**

### (represented by local government appointed IMA)

#### Rights

- Regular, updated medical and work fitness information is supplied by treating practitioner via progress medical certificate
- Seek a referral to a workplace rehabilitation provider (WRP) for assistance with return to work, following consultation with LGIS WorkCare imc
- To have an injured worker reviewed by a medical practitioner of their choice (this process is coordinated by LGIS WorkCare)

### Responsibilities

- Have workers' compensation insurance for all workers and an injury management system in place
- Hold an injured worker's position for 12 months following injury, where reasonably practicable
- Give an injured worker and WorkCover WA 28 days notice in writing if intending to terminate the worker's position
- Work with the injured worker and treating practitioner to develop a suitable return to work program, when required
- To support the injured worker to return to productive employment as soon as medically appropriate

### **Treating Practitioner**

### Rights

 Be informed by the employer regarding duties that may be suitable for an injured worker to carry out whilst on a return to work program

### Responsibilities

- Review an injured worker regularly and provide a progress medical certificate at each review, unless fully recovered
- Indicate in writing via progress medical certificate or otherwise, if a return to work program is required and any restrictions that the worker may have
- Provide a final medical certificate once the injured worker is fully recovered



## Employer penalties for non-compliance with injury management legislation

Under Section 155B of the Workers' Compensation and Injury Management Act (1981), an employer is obliged to ensure:

- An injury management system is established in relation to the employer's workers
- The establishment, content and implementation of the injury management system are in accordance with The Code

The penalty for an employer not complying with Section 155B of The Act is \$2,000

Under Section 155C an employer is also obliged to provide a worker with a RTWP as soon as practicable after either of the following occurs:

- the worker's treating medical practitioner advises the employer in writing that a return to work program should be established for the worker
- The worker's treating medical practitioner signs a medical certificate to the effect that the worker has a total or partial capacity to return to work

The employer must also ensure that the establishment, content and implementation of the RTWP is in accordance with The Code.

The penalty for an employer not complying with Section 155C of The Act is \$2,000



### Injured worker information pack

LGIS WorkCare are committed to ensuring that all injured workers within the Scheme are informed of their rights and responsibilities with regards to workers' compensation, as soon as possible. By providing this information, LGIS WorkCare are not only assisting you as the employer to meet your statutory obligations, but we are also facilitating open lines of communication and distribution of information integral to best practice injury management.

Following lodgement of a Workers' Compensation Claim Form by the worker and obtaining of a first medical certificate, this paperwork should be sent to LGIS WorkCare as soon as possible, so that liability on the claim can be determined and the injury management process, where necessary, commenced as soon as possible.

An injured worker information pack will be sent directly to the worker by LGIS WorkCare for an accepted lost time injury claim.

A letter will also be sent to you, the employer, to advise that your worker has received the injured worker information pack and inform you of the important action you must take to ensure the return to work process can commence as quickly as possible.



{DATE}
The Chief Executive Officer
City/ Town/ Shire of Smithsville
1 Smith St
SMITHSVILLE WA 6666
Dear
Re: workers compensation and injury management
Following the recent lodgement of a claim for workers compensation made by Mr/Ms, we would like to advise that Mr/Ms, has been sent an Injured Worker Information Pack from LGIS, to inform them of their rights and responsibilities under the Workers' Compensation and Injury Management Act (1981).
LGIS administers claims on behalf of local government to best manage their workers compensation and injury management. We have a team of consultants who are able to provide you with advice in relation t any of these matters.
With regard to injury management, it is the employer's responsibility to ensure that Mr/Ms, is adhering to their obligations under The Act and that you, as the employer are facilitating the return to work process. It is your responsibility to:
· ensure that the worker is having regular medical reviews with their chosen practitioner
· obtain regular certificates of capacity from the worker indicating their capacity for work
· develop a Return to Work (RTW) program reflecting medical certification (a template for a RTW program can be found in the LGIS Injury Management manual)
· maintain communication with the worker, their supervisor and medical practitioner to ensure that the medical information is being accurately reflected in the assigned duties and that the Return to Work program is being updated and modified as necessary
Please ensure that you maintain regular contact with LGIS. Your claims consultant can provide you with help, advice and assistance on all aspects of claims and injury management and can be contacted on o8 9483 8888 during business hours.
We look forward to working with you to assist Mr/Ms, to return to work as soon as medically appropriate.
Kind regards

LGIS claims consultant/team leader



### LGIS WorkCare and the health benefits of work

#### **LGIS WorkCare**

Thank you for completing the workers' compensation claim form in relation to your recent workplace injury. Your employer's workers' compensation insurance is provided by an administered scheme, recognised by WorkCover WA and operating as LGIS WorkCare.

At LGIS WorkCare, we are committed to assisting your employer provide you with the highest standard of injury management assistance possible. We recognise that long term work absence due to injury or ill health has a negative impact on the health, quality of life and financial status of a worker and that research suggests that being at work is generally good for health and wellbeing.

### What is injury management?

Injury management is a workplace managed process to facilitate the quickest and safest possible return to work after workplace injury. The process is based upon the interaction of three key stakeholders; you the injured worker, your treating medical practitioner and your employer. Pro-active injury management requires open lines of communication between these key parties at all times and focuses on early intervention and prompt return to work.

A return to work program is a legal requirement that outlines the duties and work hours for which a worker is fit, following a workplace injury that prevents them from undertaking their normal, pre injury duties and/or work hours. Your treating medical practitioner will provide guidelines on a progress medical certificate that indicates any restrictions you may have and you and your employer will then agree to the duties and hours you will work, based on these medical recommendations.

To ensure that all parties are clear on the agreed return to work goal and the hours and duties to be undertaken, a written return to work program must be compiled by your employer. This program provides the guidelines for your return to work whilst you are recovering and ensures that all parties are aware of any restrictions that you may have.

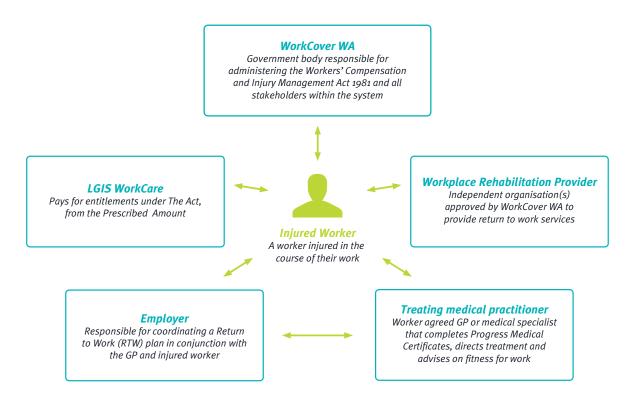
### **More information**

We encourage you to discuss concerns regarding your injury management or return to work program with the relevant person at your workplace. There are also a number of other information sources and facts contained within this pack will provide you with an understanding of what you can expect from the injury management process and help you to return to all the activities that you enjoy, as soon as possible.



### LGIS WorkCare injury management and you

LGIS WorkCare have a team whose primary focus is to assist with the management of your compensable claim and ensure you are able to return to work as quickly and safely as possible after your injury. There are also a number of other parties who may be involved in this process including:



The following information and services are provided to assist you with your claim and the return to work process:

### Workcover wa

Workcover WA have an advisory service information line on 1300 794 744 and can assist in explaining your rights and responsibilities under The Act. They also produce a brochure entitled "workers' compensation and injury management – important information for workers", included in this pack and run a free seminar entitled "understanding workers' compensation and injury management" for injured workers. For details of where and when this seminar is held, contact ifap on 9333 9945.

### **Employer**

Your workplace will be able to provide relevant information regarding your claim and return to work, and can gain this information on your behalf from the advisory injury management team at LGIS WorkCare. They will assist with the provision of appropriate duties for your return to work, in line with the recommendations made by your treating medical practitioner. They are also responsible for ensuring that there is a return to work program in place whilst you are recuperating from your injury and until you are fit for your pre-injury position. It is extremely important that you maintain open lines of communication with your workplace at all times and you may also request a copy of the injury management system used by your workplace, at any time.



### Facts about your rights and responsibilities

#### Fact 1:

It is your right to choose the treating medical practitioner or treating medical specialist involved in your medical treatment and you are able to change your practitioner and/or specialist at your discretion, although continuity of care is preferable.

#### Fact 2:

LGIS WorkCare or your workplace may choose to refer you to an external workplace rehabilitation provider (WRP) for further help with your return to work. Whilst they may have a preferred provider who understands the work that you do, it is your right to choose the provider with whom you work, if you wish to. A list of providers is available on the WorkCover WA website at www.workcover.wa.gov.au.

#### Fact 3:

The Act advises that in all cases where medically appropriate (and is within 12 months of the date you first became incapacitated for work), your workplace shall hold your pre-injury position for you or a position of similar status and pay.

#### Fact 4:

Assuming it is medically appropriate, a return to same employer/same duties is always the primary goal of any return to work program. If this is not possible based on medical information, then the goal will be determined using the following hierarchy:

Same employer/same duties same employer/modified duties same employer/new duties new employer/ new duties other workplace rehabilitation options

### Fact 5:

If you are referred to, or choose to have a workplace rehabilitation provider, they will assume responsibility for coordinating your return to work, liaising with you, your treating medical practitioner and your workplace about suitable duties and ensure that a clear vocational goal is in place at all times.

#### Fact 6:

You are required to have a current progress medical certificate (provided by your treating medical practitioner or specialist) in place in order to indicate your fitness for work. Ideally, these certificates should not extend for more than four weeks at a time and indicate what, if any, restrictions you may have in regards to work duties or hours.

#### Fact 7:

Research conclusively demonstrates that workers recover better if they are provided with medically appropriate duties and work hours, as soon as possible after injury. Your employer, treating medical practitioner and in some cases, workplace rehabilitation provider, will work with you to ensure that medically appropriate selected or alternative duties are made available to assist yourreturn to work as quickly as possible.

#### Fact 8:

It is your responsibility to inform your workplace or your workplace rehabilitation provider of any changes to your medical status at any time during your recovery and have a current progress medical certificate in place at all times. This will ensure your return to work program reflects your current injury status and the best possible program can be developed to meet your needs.

#### Fact 9:

To assist in developing clear lines of communication between all key stakeholders, you may be asked to attend a medical case conference with your treating medical practitioner, employer/supervisor and a workplace rehabilitation provider, if you have one. These meetings are very useful for negotiating appropriate return to work and ensuring that all parties share the same return to work or vocational goal.

#### Fact 10:

To help obtain clear medical information, you may be requested by LGIS WorkCare or your employer to attend a medical appointment with a reviewing practitioner. This practitioner will not offer treatment, but will provide a report to LGIS WorkCare with an overview of your medical situation and any recommendations regarding treatment or return to work. Unlike your treating medical practitioner, you do not have the choice of reviewing practitioner and must attend the practitioner with whom an appointment has been made.



### WorkCover WA prescribed amount for 2020/2021

If your claim is accepted, you may be eligible to receive payments to compensate for loss of earnings, medical expenses, vocational rehabilitation, travel expenses and permanent impairment (if applicable).

Limits apply to the total amounts or value of compensation you can receive for different entitlements over the life of your claim. Maximum amounts are adjusted annually based on the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) Wage Index.



https://www.workcover.wa.gov.au/wp-content/uploads/2020/06/Indexation-of-Workers-Compensation-Payments-202021.pdf



## Return to work program (RTWP)

#### What is a RTWP?

A return to work program is a document that matches the medical restrictions and recommendations made by an injured worker's treating practitioner with the duties and tasks available in the workplace. In the first instance, the aim of the program is to return the injured worker to their pre-injury hours and duties as quickly and safely as possible.

### When is a return to work program (RTWP) required?

An employer is required to develop a formal (written) RTWP for a worker when the medical practitioner:

- Advises the employer in writing that a RTWP should be established for the worker
- Signs a medical certificate indicating that the worker has partial capacity to return to work
- Signs a medical certificate indicating that the worker has total capacity to return to work, but for some reason is not able to return to the position held immediately prior to injury.

### **Goal setting**

Prior to commencing the return to work process, it is essential that a return to work goal is established and agreed to by key stakeholders. The return to work goal describes what the injured worker will be doing when they have returned to their best possible work capacity and ensures that all key stakeholders are working towards a common aim.

The RTW goal must be:

- · Agreed by the treating doctor, worker and employer
- · Included in the RTWP
- · Based on the hierarchy of RTW outcomes
- · Changed only on the basis of medical advice and with the consent of key parties

## Change of vocational rehabilitation goal

If at any point during the RTWP medical evidence suggests that a return to the injured worker's preinjury position is no longer viable, a review or change of vocational goal may be necessary.

### **Hierarchy of RTW outcomes**

If medically appropriate, the first goal should always be to return a worker to their pre-injury employer and position. If, due to the nature of the injury or other circumstances, this is not possible, then the following outcomes should be explored based on the medical evidence available (in order of preference):

- Return to work with the same employer in the same iob
- Return to work with the same employer in a modified job
- Return to work with the same employer in a new job
- · Return to work with a new employer in a new job
- · Other workplace rehabilitation options

### Redeployment

Redeployment to another position internally or externally may also occur if the injured worker has been unable to return to their pre-injury position within 12 months of the date of their original incapacity.

If you have a worker who is unable to return to their pre-injury position due to medical factors, or for whom it is no longer viable to hold their pre-injury position (post 12 months since date of incapacity), it is strongly recommended you discuss the specifics of the case with your LGIS WorkCare IM consultant.

A permanent change of duties may be required due to the nature of the worker's injury and/or when the treating doctor has indicated medical restrictions will be permanent. Carefully consider the worker's ability to accommodate any changes in the long term. Try to anticipate the future impact these changes will have on the injured worker, co-workers and the business, before deciding on a course of action.

The LGIS WorkCare IM team will be able to advise on redeployment options for an injured worker and will arrange for assistance of a WRP to coordinate the process. Priority will be given to maintaining medically approved employment of equivalent status, pay, opportunity and conditions for the injured worker.



### Return to work program guidelines

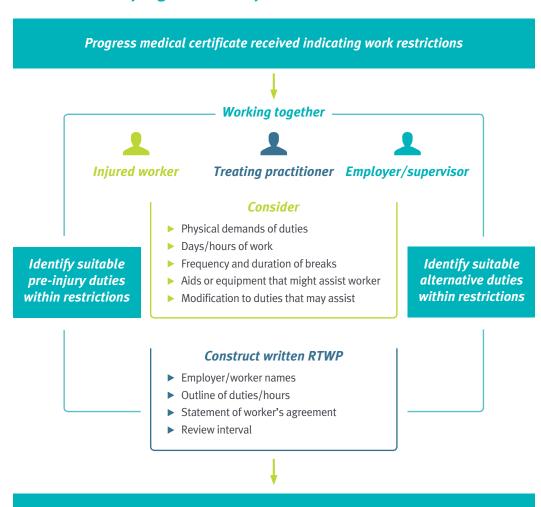
The return to work program is an important method of ensuring that a worker's medical restrictions are appropriately accommodated in the workplace and that the restrictions and expectations for the return to work process are agreed and clearly communicated to all key parties.

#### The RTWP must:

- · Be a written document based on medical advice
- · Include the name of the injured worker and employer
- · Describe the goal of the program
- Outline The Actions to be taken to enable the worker to return to work and who is to carry out The Actions

- Include reasonable steps to involve the worker and supervisor in its development
- · Have a statement as to whether the worker agrees to the content of the program
- · Incorporate meaningful work duties for which the worker is skilled
- Involve regular review and alteration, in line with medical advice
- Be provided to all involved parties including the injured worker, supervisor, treating practitioner and LGIS WorkCare

### Return to work program development





### Top tips for managing return to work (RTW)

Current research on return to work after injury has identified a number of key factors common in timely and durable return to work outcomes.

When implemented, these steps can result in reduced time away from work and decreased claim and associated costs and most importantly, will direct the focus from the injured worker's injury to promoting work ability.

### These simple steps to follow are:

- Take a "no blame" approach to the workplace injury. This is particularly relevant once liability on a claim for compensation has been accepted by LGIS WorkCare, as WA has a "no fault" system and your worker may be demotivated if they feel their injury's legitimacy is questioned
- Make contact with the injured worker within 24 hours of the injury. Assure them of their workplaces commitment to their well-being and respond quickly or seek answers to any questions they may have, whilst being considerate of the worker's right to privacy and confidentiality
- Provide information promptly to the treating medical practitioner about the worker's job description, modifications to work that can be made whilst they are recovering and your return to work policy
- Make an offer of modified work or work hours to the injured worker and their medical practitioner, if they are restricted in capacity, so that they can make a safe and early return to work activities suitable to their abilities. Make sure that the modified work does not disadvantage co-workers and supervisors
- Discuss the RTW program and seek the agreement of key stakeholders (employer, medical practitioner and injured worker).
   Document the program details in a RTW program template and modify as necessary as the worker's capacity changes

- Encourage normal physical, social and psychological functioning for the injured worker.
   Resumption of normal daily routines brings everyone a step closer to the shared goal of a return to pre-injury capacity, with the only exception being resumption of activities that are outside of the worker's current medical restrictions
- Keep in regular contact with the injured worker on a weekly basis(minimum) in order to provide support, ensure that their recovery is progressing as anticipated and receive updated medical information. Make the contact positive and supportive.
- Ask for help. Workplace injury and recovery can be a complicated process within the workers' compensation system. Remember the LGIS WorkCare IM team are there to help you with your workplace injury management needs and are only a phone call away





### Selecting duties for a RTWP

Extensive research has established that the longer a worker is off work, the less likely it is that they will return to work in the long term.

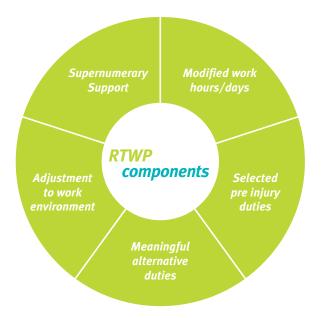
A study\* found that a worker off work for 20 days, had a 70% chance of returning to work and if the number of days away from the workplace was increased to 70, then the likelihood of return to work reduced to only 35%.

There are a number of ways that a worker's preinjury role may be modified in the short term to accommodate their injury-related and medically advised restrictions. These methods are:

### Work hours/days:

Medical restrictions may include the following:

- · The number of hours worked per day
- · Breaks taken throughout the workday
- Time spent undertaking any one particular work task
- How much work they should achieve in a specific time period
- The number of days per week they are working Workers in receipt of workers' compensation benefits should not engage in any extra work or overtime during the period that they are restricted for work.



### **Modifying duties:**

Modifying duties to accommodate an injured worker may assist them with their return to work. Work can be modified by:

- · Providing assistance with equipment
- · Modifying the work environment
- Changing the schedule or rate of production for work tasks

Utilising aspects of the worker's pre-injury role in the RTWP is also an ideal method of facilitating their return to the workplace.

### **Suitable alternative duties:**

Where it is not possible to return an injured worker to parts of their pre-injury role (selected pre-injury duties), suitable alternative duties should be located for the RTWP.

Alternative duties should be:

- · Meaningful
- · Connected to the worker's pre-injury role where possible
- · Supported with training if it involves learning new skills

A worker may undertake any combination of alternative, modified or pre-injury duties in the course of their RTWP.

#### **Supernumerary support:**

If a worker's capacity to undertake their role is severely limited by their restrictions, or if they are undertaking alternative duties outside of their normal role on the RTWP, you may seek assistance from LGIS WorkCare to cover their wages.

Making a worker "supernumerary" will support the worker with a gradual return to duties and/or work hardening.

The need for supernumerary assistance to aid a worker to return to their pre-injury role should be discussed with LGIS WorkCare.

<sup>\*</sup> Study conducted on behalf of the Victorian WorkCover Authority by Johnson and Fry (2002) entitled, 'Factors Affecting Return to Work After Injury'



### **Progressing a RTWP**

As an injured worker's medical status improves, the RTWP will gradually alter to reflect the worker's changed capacity and progression towards the agreed vocational goal.

It is advisable for an injured worker to be reviewed at least once a month by their treating medical practitioner, so that updated information on their work capacity and treatment requirements can be indicated via a progress medical certificate (PMC).

Regular review and follow-up meetings should be held to discuss/check the worker's progress against the RTWP. Where changes are required to the program, an updated version must be written and copies of the program provided to the worker, treating medical practitioner, supervisor and LGIS WorkCare.

### When progress is not occurring

In situations where progress is not reflected in medical certificates, there are a number of strategies that may be implemented:

- Contact the treating medical practitioner verbally to confirm the vocational goal and discuss how to progress the RTWP
- Provide the treating medical practitioner with information regarding the available duties and hours
- Send the treating medical practitioner a proposed RTWP with increased hours or duties and seek their written support. (If approved, this may require the worker to revisit the medical practitioner to obtain an updated Progress Medical Certificate)
- Attend an appointment with the treating medical practitioner and injured worker to discuss the RTWP (this should be done with an injured worker's permission and the agreement of the medical practitioner)
- · Discuss referral of the worker to a Workplace Rehabilitation Provider (WRP) with LGIS WorkCare
- Review the claim with LGIS WorkCare who may make recommendations on the RTWP or refer them for a second medical opinion (Independent Medical Examination or IME)



### Finalising a workers' compensation claim

In most cases, a workers' compensation claim will be finalised when a worker receives a final medical certificate from their treating medical practitioner, indicating that their injury has resolved and they have reached maximum medical improvement.

In some instances, a worker may be left with a permanent impairment or incapacity for work, and may therefore be entitled to a lump sum payment to finalise their workers' compensation claim.

There are different pathways and rules for settling workers' compensation claims depending on whether the settlement relates to a statutory compensation claim or a common law action.

LGIS WorkCare will coordinate the settlement process where necessary as part of the ongoing management of a workers' compensation claim and ensure that a worker's entitlements are received.



### **Workplace Rehabilitation Providers**

### What is a workplace rehabilitation provider?

Workplace rehabilitation providers (WRP) are approved by WorkCover WA and their costs are covered by the prescribed amount in every workers' compensation claim and paid by LGIS WorkCare.

Approved WRP are generally allied health professionals such as physiotherapists, occupational therapists or psychologists who are able to provide additional assistance to injured workers and employers in order to facilitate the return to work process.

### Who can refer to a workplace rehabilitation provider?

An injured worker, employer or treating medical practitioner can initiate a referral to a WRP from a list of WorkCover accredited providers. In most cases, LGIS WorkCare will make the referral to a WRP acting on the workplace's behalf. To comply with their conditions of approval, the WRP must ensure all parties agree to the referral for rehabilitation services and in all cases, the worker has the right to a choice of provider.

To refer a worker for assistance with workplace rehabilitation, a WorkCover VR1 form should be completed (see forms section). LGIS WorkCare are able to complete this form on your behalf to initiate the rehabilitation process.

### When should a referral take place?

When there are difficulties, early referral to a WRP soon after injury improves the likelihood of a successful rehabilitation program. Early indicators for referral to a WRP may be:

- · Difficulty in identifying suitable duties
- · Nature and severity of injury
- · Difficulty in determining the worker's capacity
- Other barriers in the workplace that may affect the return to work process

In other cases, referral to a WRP may be warranted at a later stage of the recovery process. Indicators for referral to a WRP at this point may include but are not limited to:

- · If the injury or resulting impairment prevents the worker carrying out any pre-injury duties
- · If the injury is a recurrence or aggravation of a previous injury, or it seems likely that carrying out pre-injury duties may aggravate an existing injury
- · If modifications are required in the workplace, or the worker requires specialist review for equipment or workplace modification
- If there is a need for redeployment outside the worker's current workplace
- Where the rtwp is not progressing towards the identified return to work goal within the anticipated time frame
- Where it is considered by any of the key parties that involvement of an external service provider may be beneficial

If you believe that an injured worker's situation warrants the intervention of a WRP, then the need for referral should be discussed with your nominated LGIS WorkCare Injury Management Consultant as soon as possible.

Working together in this way is essential for obtaining good return to work outcomes for all involved parties.



### What does a WRP do?

Once a referral is made to a workplace rehabilitation provider they will conduct an assessment to determine what service/s may be required.

**Services offered by WRP** 

The range of services offered by WRP includes:

- · Support counselling
- · Vocational counselling
- · Purchase of aids and appliances
- · Case management
- · Retraining criteria assistance
- · Specialised retraining program assistance
- · Training and education
- · Workplace activities
- · Placement activities
- Assessments (functional capacity, vocational, ergonomic, job demands, workplace and aids and appliances)
- · Travel
- · Medical
- $\cdot \ \textit{General reports}$

If a WRP becomes involved in an injured worker's RTWP, then it is imperative that open lines of communication are maintained to ensure they are familiar with the workplace and expectations of the key parties.

LGIS WorkCare will work closely with any WRP involved in ongoing RTWP development in order to ensure an optimal information exchange and return to work planning occurs at all times.

### **Workers' Compensation Claim Form**



Workers – tear off and keep this section for your information

### Who can make a claim?

You are entitled to make a claim if you sustain an *injury in the course of your employment* and are **defined by law as a** *worker*. The legal definition of a *worker* includes full-time, part-time, casual, seasonal, piece and commission workers. Working directors, contractors and sub-contractors may also be defined as workers depending on their working arrangements.

### How to claim:

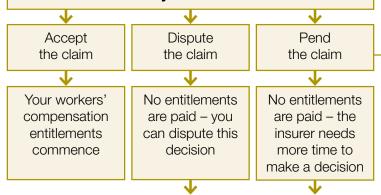
Seek **first aid** and **report** the injury to your employer

**See a doctor** of your choice as soon as possible and get a medical certificate. This is known as a *First Medical Certificate* in the workers' compensation system.

Fill out the inside pages of **this form** and give it **and** your *First Medical Certificate* to your employer.

Your employer must complete their part of the claim form and give it together with the *First Medical Certificate* to their insurer within **5 working days** of receiving the claim form.

The insurer has **14 days** to assess the claim and can:



### What happens if you don't agree with the insurer's decision?

Your employer's insurer has an internal dispute resolution process. You can approach the insurer to re-examine their decision.

In addition, WorkCover WA provides assistance regarding resolving disputes.

To find out more about having a dispute resolved or for general information about workers' compensation and injury management contact **WorkCover WA's Advisory Services on 1300 794 744.** 

### How to make a claim with self-insurers

Some employers have been approved by WorkCover WA as self-insurers. This means that the employer covers the cost of its workers' compensation claims.

The process for making a workers' compensation claim is the same. However your **employer has 17 days** to assess your claim once they receive your completed claim form and *First Medical Certificate*.

You can ask your employer if they are a self-insurer. A list of self-insurers is available on the WorkCover WA website at www.workcover.wa.gov.au under Service Providers.

### What happens when my claim is pended?

An insurer can pend your claim if they need more time or more information to make a decision. They may contact you during this time for more information about your claim.

While your claim is being assessed, consider using any accrued leave (sick leave or annual leave) to provide you with interim financial support. If your claim is accepted, any leave you have used will be reinstated by your employer.

If a decision has not been made within **19 days** of you lodging your claim form and *First Medical Certificate* with your employer, you should contact Advisory Services on 1300 794 744 for more information.

WorkCover WA is the government agency responsible for overseeing the Workers' Compensation and Injury Management Act 1981.

### What does workers' compensation cover?

Once your claim is accepted you become entitled to workers' compensation payments. These may include:

- wages that should be paid on your normal pay day for any time that your doctor has certified you unfit
  for work
- medical expenses for hospital, medical and allied (eg physiotherapy) health treatment referred by
  your doctor and approved by the insurer. Your medical expenses are covered only up to a workers'
  compensation rate which is set by WorkCover WA. Be sure to check that your doctor charges this rate
  otherwise you may be left with a gap payment
- rehabilitation expenses to cover the cost of engaging an approved workplace rehabilitation provider to help your return to work
- travel and accommodation expenses in certain situations.

### Contact WorkCover WA for publications about your rights, responsibilities and entitlements.

Wages, medical and rehabilitation payments are limited and subject to maximum amounts. You can call our Advisory Services staff on 1300 794 744 or visit <a href="https://www.workcover.wa.gov.au/Workers">www.workcover.wa.gov.au/Workers</a> for further information.

While your claim is being assessed, you can ask your employer to pay you sick leave or annual leave you have already accrued. If your claim is accepted, you will receive your workers' compensation entitlements and your employer will reinstate your leave. **Remember you must have a medical certificate to cover any time you are away from work.** 

### Know and understand your rights and responsibilities

#### You:

- have the right to choose your own treating doctor and workplace rehabilitation provider
- have the right to claim lost wages from other jobs if you have another job/s your injury prevents you doing
- have the responsibility to **attend certain medical appointments** at the request of your employer
- have the responsibility to fully participate in your return to work program once developed.

### Your employer:

- has the right to request a medical review via their insurer before or after a claim has been accepted
- has the **right to discuss your return to work** with the treating doctor
- has the responsibility to have an injury management system in place and implement a return to work program when a doctor declares you fit for work in any capacity
- has the responsibility to keep **your original position available** for 12 months following a claim.

### Together:

 you have the responsibility to work with your treating doctor in developing an appropriate return to work program.

### Disclosure of Personal Information (consent authority)

Your employer's insurance company needs to collect, use and disclose personal information to assess, investigate and otherwise deal with your claim. If you do not provide the information requested, this may affect the insurer's ability to assess your claim. This may cause significant delays in the claims process.

By signing the *consent authority* on the Claim Form, you agree to the insurer:

- a. collecting and using your personal information for the purpose of assessing, investigation and otherwise dealing with your current claim or any future claims.
- b. disclosing personal information (on a confidential basis) to and collecting personal information from:
  - your employer, the insurer's entities, its investigators, auditors, medical service providers or any other party providing services to the insurer or any agent of these
  - other insurers, insurance intermediaries, government regulators or insurance reference bureau
  - lawyers and law enforcement agencies.

### Checklist and handy hints

For	the Worker
	Complete the form with a ballpoint pen.
	If you need help completing the form, you can get your employer, a friend or family member to help you or you can call WorkCover WA on 1300 794 744. If required, an interpreter can also be arranged by WorkCover WA free of charge.
	The claim form is printed on carbonised paper which produces an exact copy on the sheet below it. Make sure you write on the centre sheets only and press firmly.
	Provide <b>all</b> the information requested. Give your full name, postal and email address and daytime contact phone number in case you need to be contacted.
	It may be helpful to attach a separate sheet to your claim form <b>if more space is needed</b> to provide information about your injury, how it happened and your medical history.
	Read and sign the worker's declaration and the consent authority (optional).
	Attach the <i>First Medical Certificate</i> you received from your doctor to this claim form (your claim cannot be processed until both your claim form and <i>First Medical Certificate</i> are received).
	Keep records! Take a photocopy of your claim form and keep a record of the date you gave the claim form and medical certificate to your employer.
	Tear off the information section of this form and keep for your future reference.
For	the Employer
	Tear off the information section of this form and give it to the injured worker.
	Make sure the worker has completed all sections of the claim form. If they have difficulty completing it let them know that they can seek help from you, or a family member or friend.
	Make sure you complete the employer details section.
	Review the <i>First Medical Certificate</i> . Has the doctor indicated that the worker has <b>capacity to work</b> in either their pre-injury job or in alternative duties? If so, you are required by law to <b>develop a return to work program.</b> Visit the WorkCover WA website www.workcover.wa.gov.au for further information and templates or contact your insurer for assistance.
	If the doctor has indicated that the worker will be off work for more than three days or can't return to normal duties, they will be expecting you to contact them.
	Keep records! Develop a case file, photocopy all relevant paperwork and keep it in a safe and private location and date all correspondence.
	Forward this form to your insurer within <b>five working days</b> of receiving it. Make sure you attach:
	<ul> <li>the worker's <i>First Medical Certificate</i> and any subsequent medical certificates</li> <li>medical accounts (if any)</li> <li>any other reports your insurer asks you to complete.</li> </ul>
	If an injury is likely to prevent an employee from working for <b>10 consecutive days</b> , you must also notify WorkSafe on (08) 9327 8800. A list of reportable injuries and diseases can be found at www.commerce.wa.gov.au/WorkSafe. There are also reporting requirements for <b>all injuries in the mining sector</b> for more information visit www.dmp.wa.gov.au

Insurer please complete	
Insurer name Estimated time off work:	Data farms reading of frams area layer
Claim number less than one day	Date form received from employer
ANZSIC Code 1-4 work days (inclusive)	DATE STAMP
Policy number 5-9 work days (inclusive)	DATE STAMP
WorkCover number 10-20 work days (inclusive)	
Has employer contacted more than 20 work days	1000 ( #:
medical practitioner?	ASCO (office use only)
Employer please complete  Name of policy holder/employer:  Trading as (if different to above):  Address:	Postcode:
Contact person name: Phone No:	
Address of injured worker's usual workplace or base:	Postcode:
Major activity of workplace (eg sheep farming, plumbing):	
Date employer received the completed claim form from the injured worker:	
Date employer received First Medical Certificate from the injured worker:  Date employer sent the claim form and medical certificate/s to insurer:	
Date drippoyer some the claim form and medical continuate, a to insure.	
Worker please complete	
Surname:	D.O.B. Male Female
Other names:	Preferred language (if not English)
Address:	
Suburb/City/Town: Postcode:	At the time of the injury I was working as a:
Email:	direct employee sub contractor
Daytime contact phone no:	working director visa worker
Occupation	contractor other
(eg first class welder)	employee of If other, please specify:
Main tasks/duties performed (eg welding of high pressure steam pipes)	contractor
full time (F) part time (P) permanent (P)	temporary (T) casual (C)
Other Employment If more than one	employer, please attach details on separate sheet
Do you have any other job? Y N If yes, please give details:	
Employer name: Phone no:	Hours per week:
Occurrence details	Attach separate sheet if more space is required
Day of occurrence: eg Monday Date of occurrence:	Time of occurrence:
At what address did the occurrence happen?	
Did you have to stop working?  Y N If so when? Dat	te: Time: AM PM
Were you: Describe the occurrence. Include:	WorkCover WA
working – at your normal (i) What action was involved (ie fall, st	truck by object)  Staff Only  Mechanism
on work break – at normal	
workplace working – away from normal workplace (ii) What object/machine/substance	was involved (ie fumes, door frame) Agency
on work break – away from (iii) The most serious injury or diseas	se caused (ie fracture, burn, abrasion)  Nature
working – road traffic accident commuting/journey other duty status (iv) The bodily location of the injury of	or disease (ie upper arm, eye)  Bodily location

Worker please complete			
Occurrence report – Describe how it happened	Attach separate sheet if more space is required		
Where did the occurrence happen? (ie store room, machinery shop)			
What were you doing at the time of the occurrence?			
What were the normal working hours for that day? Starting tin	me: AM PM Finish time: AM PM		
When did you first report the occurrence? Date:	Time: AM PM		
Who did you report the occurrence to?  Name: Position:	Phone No:		
If you didn't report the occurrence immediately, please state	the reason if any:		
Please provide the name and daytime contact phone number			
1. Name:	Phone No:  Phone No:		
Medical help/history – this occurrence	Attach separate sheet if more space is required		
When did you first seek medical attention? Date:  If not immediately, please state the reason:	Time:AMPM		
Was the part of the body affected by this occurrence healthy If not, please give details:	before this occurrence? Y N		
Is the present injury completely related to this occurrence?	Y N If not, please give details:		
Please give details of any similar injury prior to this occurrence	e:		
Name and contact details of your usual medical practitioner ar Name: Address:	nd any health provider who has treated you for a similar injury:  Phone no:		
Other/Previous claims	Attach separate sheet if more space is required		
Are you claiming compensation from any other source?	N If yes, from whom?		
Have you had any similar or related workers' compensation of			
Name of Employer:	Address:		
Name of insurer (if known):	Type of injury or disease:		
Worker's declaration			
I solemnly and sincerely declare that each and every answer above and and the occurrence are true both in substance and in fact to the best of section 59(2) of the Workers' Compensation and Injury Management Accommence work with another employer after making a claim, or while	ct 1981, I am required to notify my employer in writing within 7 days if I		
Dated this:	day of: Year:		
Signature of worker	Signature of witness		
onsent authority (to be signed at the option of the worker) I authorise any doctor who treats me (whether named in this certificate or not) o discuss my medical condition, in relation to my claim for workers' compensation and return to work options, with my employer and with leir insurer.			
Dated this:	day of: Year:		
Signature of worker	Signature of witness		
Consent authority – to be signed at the option of the worker			
I consent to my employer's insurer and its appointed service providers collecting personal information, inclusive of sensitive information such as medical information about me and using it for the purpose of assessing and managing my workers' compensation claim, including determining liability and whether my claim is true. This consent extends to my employer's insurer disclosing my personal information, inclusive of sensitive information, to other insurers, medical practitioners, rehabilitation providers, investigators, legal practitioners and other experts or consultants for the purpose of assessing and managing my claim. My personal information, inclusive of sensitive information, may also be disclosed as required or permitted by law. I also consent to my employer's insurer disclosing my personal details to WorkCover WA which is authorised to use this information to fulfil its functions and obligations under the Workers' Compensation and Injury Management Act 1981. I have read all the information on this form regarding the consent authority and I consent to the Insurer dealing with my personal information in the manner described.			
Cianad	Witness signature		
Signed	Witness signature		
Signed Print your name Date	Witness signature		

IMPORTANT: FAILURE TO PROVIDE YOUR SIGNATURE ON EITHER THE DECLARATION OR THE CONSENT AUTHORITIES MAY DELAY A DECISION BY THE INSURER ON YOUR CLAIM

### Further information and assistance

WorkCover WA is the government agency responsible for overseeing the *Workers' Compensation and Injury Management Act 1981* (the Act) in Western Australia.

The role of WorkCover WA is to monitor compliance with the Act, inform and educate parties on all aspects of the workers' compensation and injury management system and provide an independent dispute resolution service.

If you would like further information about workers' compensation and injury management or information about seminars for injured workers contact:

#### WorkCover WA

2 Bedbrook Place Shenton Park WA 6008

### Advisory Services 1300 794 744

TTY (hearing impaired) (08) 9388 5537

### www.workcover.wa.gov.au

An interpreter service is available by arrangement with WorkCover WA.

### **Injury Management**

Injury management is about managing workers' injuries in a manner that is **directed at enabling injured** workers to return to work.

Your employer should have a **written description of an injury management system** in your workplace and this should be made available to you if you ask for it.

### You should be involved with decisions regarding your return to work.

It is important for you to:

- keep in touch with your employer, your doctor and other treatment providers
- submit medical certificates to your employer as soon as possible and on a regular basis to help keep your employer informed of your medical condition and level of fitness for work.

If your treating medical practitioner finds that you are partially fit to return to work in some capacity, a written return to work program will be established by your employer.

Workers should fully participate with their employer and medical practitioner in developing an appropriate return to work program. This will help develop a supportive environment that has the commitment of all parties to a successful return to work process. You have the responsibility to actively participate in your return to work program once developed.

Make sure you have a say in determining your future at work by being involved in discussions that affect you.

Publications for workers, employers and insurers are available from WorkCover WA.

### THIS FORM <u>MUST</u> BE COMPLETED AND ACCOMPANIED BY CLAIM FORM 2B AND OTHER SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION

EMPLOYER:
THE WORKER
Surname:
Occupation: Main Duties:
Date of Accident//
Cost Centre Code: Department Code Description
Date commenced employment/
Has the worker resumed normal duties? Yes No I If yes/ at am/pm
Has the worker resumed alternative duties? Yes No If yes/ at am/pm
Full Time Part Time Casual Permanent Temporary (please tick the two (2) relevant boxes)
Number of days worked in the working week or fortnight
Number of hours worked each week or fortnight Does the worker get an RDO? Yes No
Weekly Compensation Payments to commence from:/
Please Tick Relevant Box: Off on Full Time Workers Comp from://
No Time Lost  Time Lost Visiting Doctor Only
PAYMENT DETAILS - FULL TIME WORKER (COVERED BY INDUSTRIAL AWARD)
PAYMENT FOR FIRST 13 WEEKS
Weekly average for 13 weeks prior to the date of incapacity*
* PLEASE COMPLETE IN FULL THE WORKSHEET OVERLEAF TO CONFIRM CALCULATION
(Includes total Award payment plus overtime, allowances, bonuses, incentives and any over award or service payment.)
PAYMENT AFTER 13 WEEKS
Weekly wage/salary as per Award or EBA plus any regular over Award or Service payment (Exclude all overtime or allowances) \$*
PAYMENT DETAILS - FULL TIME WORKER (NOT COVERED BY INDUSTRIAL AWARD)
PAYMENT FOR FIRST 13 WEEKS
Average earnings for 12 months prior to the date of incapacity*
(Include overtime, allowances, bonuses, allowances etc)
PAYMENT AFTER 13 WEEKS
85% of average weekly earnings for 12 months prior to date of incapacity\$
* NOTE: Weekly Payments are subject to a "Capped" amount - (Please check with WorkCare)
If ACCEPTANCE OF THIS CLAIM is recommended please sign this form. If not, please state reason/s on Form 6.
Signature: Date:/
Print Name: Position Title:

### PAYMENT DETAILS - PART TIME WORKER

FATINENT DETAILS - FART TIME WORKER							
HO	OURS WORKED	FOR THIS EMPLOYER					
Νι	ımber of days v	worked in the week					
Νι	ımber of hours	worked each week					
Н	ourly Rate Paid		\$				
W	eekly earnings				\$		
<u>H(</u>	OURS WORKED	FOR OTHER EMPLOYE	ER/S				
Na	me/s of other	Employer/s:					
Νι	ımber of days v	worked in the week					
Νι	ımber of hours	worked each week					
Н	ourly Rate Paid		\$				
W	eekly Earnings				\$		
			Т	otal Weekly Earnings	\$*		
P	AYMENT DE	TAILS – CASUAL V	<b>VORKER</b>				
			h period prior to date of	incapacity	\$	*	
A۷	erage number	of days worked in the	week				
A۷	erage number	of hours worked each	week				
	1/	Vorksheet (N	Лust be completed as pei	r WarkCoyar Comn	dianco)		
	•	vorksneet (w	riust be completed us per	WONKCOVEN COMP			
				•	,		
			y Wages for First 13 Weeks	for Full and Part-Tin		y an Award or EBA	
	Pi	rovide Wages details	for the 13 weeks prior to o	for Full and Part-Tindate of incapacity.	ne Workers covered by		
Ī	Pi	rovide Wages details		for Full and Part-Tindate of incapacity.	ne Workers covered by		* Total Wage
Ī	P: *I	rovide Wages details Do not include any t	for the 13 weeks prior to c ime lost from work due to	for Full and Part-Tindate of incapacity.  sick or annual leave	ne Workers covered by	k related matter.	* Total Wage
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	Week  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 Total	rovide Wages details Do not include any t Hrs Worked  (1)  OTAL WAGE (2)	of for the 13 weeks prior to come lost from work due to Wkly Award Rate  DIVIDED BY A	for Full and Part-Tir date of incapacity. sick or annual leave  Overtime	ne Workers covered by or any other non-wor Allowances	k related matter.	
	Week  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 Total	rovide Wages details Do not include any t Hrs Worked  (1)  OTAL WAGE (2)  OURLY RATE	of for the 13 weeks prior to come lost from work due to Wkly Award Rate  DIVIDED BY A	for Full and Part-Tir date of incapacity. sick or annual leave  Overtime  CTUAL HOURS WOR	NED (1)	k related matter.	(2)\$

Transfer calculation to Payment Details on front of form.

**After 13 Weeks** – Following the first 13 weeks the Worker is entitled to the rate of weekly earnings payable under the relevant Industrial Award or EBA plus any over award or service payments paid on a regular basis.\* (Overtime and Allowances are **excluded** 



## Other supporting documentation to be provided where appropriate

- · Photos
- · Incident report
- · Witness statement
- · Correspondence
- · Position descriptions
- · Alternative duties list



Form 3

### WorkCover WA - FIRST certificate of capacity

1. WORKER'S I	DETAILS		
First name	Last name		
Date of birth	Email		
Phone	Mobile		
Address			
2. EMPLOYME	NT DETAILS		
Worker's job title			
Employer's addr			
' '			
3. CONSENT A	UTHORITY		
•	medical practitioner who treats me (whether named on this certificate or not) to discuss		
	dition with my employer, insurer and other medical or allied health professionals for the laim for workers' compensation and return to work options.		
Worker's signatu	re Print name		
	Date		
4. WORKER'S [	DESCRIPTION OF INJURY		
Date of injury			
What happened	1\$		
Worker's sympton	ms		
5. MEDICAL A	SSESSMENT		
Date of this asses	ssment		
Clinical findings			
Diagnosis			
The injury is consistent with worker's description of how injury occurred yes no uncertain			
The injury is:	a new condition a recurrence of a pre-existing condition		

6. WORK CAPACITY							
Worker's usual duties							
Having considered the health benefits of work, I find this worker to have:							
full capacity for work from but requires	further treatment						
some capacity for work from to	performing:						
pre-injury duties modified or alternative duties workplc	ace modifications						
pre-injury hours modified hours of hrs/day	lays/wk						
no capacity for any work from to (outline clin	nical reason below)						
Worker has capacity to: (Please outline the worker's physical and/or psychosocial capacity – refer to explanat examples. Where there is no capacity for work, please provide clinical reasoning.)	ory notes for						
lift up to kg							
sit up to mins							
stand up to mins							
walk up to m							
work below shoulder height							
7. INJURY MANAGEMENT PLAN							
Activities/interventions Purpose/goal (likely change in symptoms, function, activity an	d work participation)						
I would like: more information about available duties a RTW program to	o be established						
to be involved in developing the RTW program  Examples of injury management activities/interventions include:							
<ul> <li>further assessment - diagnostic imaging, medical specialist consults, worksite assessment</li> <li>intervention - physiotherapy, clinical psychology, exercise physiology, prescribed medications, workplace mediation</li> <li>return to work planning - identify suitable duties, establish return to work program</li> </ul>							
8. NEXT REVIEW DATE							
Worker does not need to be reviewed again (FIRST and FINAL certificate of capac	citv)						
Worker does not need to be reviewed again (FIRST and FINAL certificate of capacity)  [If greater than 14 days, please provide clinical reasoning]							
I will review worker again on (if greater than 14 days, please provide clinical reasoning)  Comments							
9. MEDICAL PRACTITIONER'S DETAILS							
Name AHPRA no. MED							
Address							
Address Signature							
Phone							
Fax Date							
(Practice stamp – optional)							



Form 4A

# WorkCover WA - PROGRESS certificate of capacity

1. WORKER'S DETAILS						
First name	Last name					
Date of birth	Claim no.					
Phone	Email					
Address						
2. EMPLOYER'S DETAILS						
Employer's name	Employer's phone					
Employer's address						
3. MEDICAL ASSESSMENT						
Date of this assessment	Date of injury					
Diagnosis						
4. PROGRESS REPORT						
Activities/interventions   Actual outcome (change in sympt	oms, function, activity and work participation)  Still required?*					
	☐ Yes ☐ No					
	☐ Yes ☐ No					
	Yes No					
	☐ Yes ☐ No					
	☐ Yes ☐ No					
*(If management activities/interventions are still required, p	olease also list them in Section 6 'Injury Management Plan')					
Other factors appear to be impacting recovery and return to work						
Comment						
5. WORK CAPACITY						
Worker's usual duties						
Having considered the health benefits of work, I find this worker to have:						
full capacity for work from	but requires further treatment					
some capacity for work, from	to performing:					
pre-injury duties modified or alterno	ative duties workplace modifications					
pre-injury hours modified hours of	hrs/day days/wk					
no capacity for any work from	to (outline clinical reason on next page)					

5. WORK CAPACITY (CONTINUED)							
· ·	ohysical and/or psychosocial capacity – refer to explanatory notes for capacity for work, please provide clinical reasoning.)						
lift up to kg							
sit up to m	ns						
stand up to m	ins						
walk up to m							
work below shoulder he	eight						
6. INJURY MANAGEMEN	T PLAN						
Activities/interventions	Purpose/goal (likely change in symptoms, function, activity and work participation)						
I support the RTW program established by the employer/insurer/WRP dated							
I would like more information about available duties							
I would like to be involved in developing the RTW program							
Please engage a workplace rehabilitation provider (If you have made a referral, provide name and contact details below)							
Examples of injury management activities/interventions include:							
<ul> <li>further assessment - diagnostic imaging, medical specialist consults, worksite assessment</li> </ul>							
<ul> <li>intervention - physiotherapy, clinical psychology, exercise physiology, prescribed medications, workplace mediation</li> <li>return to work planning - identify suitable duties, establish return to work program</li> </ul>							
7. NEXT REVIEW DATE							
I will review worker again on (if greater than 28 days, please provide clinical reasoning)							
Comments							
8. MEDICAL PRACTITIONER'S DETAILS							
Name AHPRA no. MED							
Address	Email						
	Signature						
	Signatore						
Phone	Date						
Fax							
	amp – optional)						
(Practice stamp – optional)							





# WorkCover WA - FINAL certificate of capacity

1. WORKER'S DETAILS							
First name	Last name						
Date of birth	Claim no.						
Phone	hone Email						
Address							
2. EMPLOYER'S DETAILS							
Employer's name	Employer's phone						
Employer's address							
3. MEDICAL ASSESSMENT							
Date of this assessment	Date of injury						
The worker's condition is unlikely to chang	ge substantially in the next 12 months						
4. WORK CAPACITY							
Having considered the health benefits of work, I f	ind this worker to have:						
full capacity for work from	but requires further treatment (outline specifics below)						
as outlined below: (Please outline the worker's physical and/or psychosocial capacity for work, functional limits, ongoing need for workplace modifications, and/or further treatment needs)  lift up to kg sit up to mins walk up to m work below shoulder height  The worker's incapacity is no longer a result of the injury  5. REASON FOR CAPACITY/INCAPACITY							
Please outline your clinical reason for the worker's capacity/incapacity:							
Tiodso contino your chilicarroasorrior the worker's capacity/incapacity.							
6. MEDICAL PRACTITIONER'S DETAILS							
Name	AHPRA no. MED						
Address	Email						
	Signature						
Phone	Signatoro						
Fax	Date						
(Practice stamp – optional)							

## **RETURN TO WORK PROGRAM**



			WORKING TOGETHER
Program #:	Date:	Developed by:	
CONTACT DETAILS:			
Employee Name		Claim Number	
Job Title		Telephone Number	
Address			
Date of Injury		Date of Surgery	
Nature of Injury		Nature of Surgery	
City/Town/Shire			
Address			
RTW Coordinator		Supervisor	
Email/Telephone Number		Email/Telephone Number	
Insurer	LGIS		
Address	Lvl 3, 170 Railway Parade, V	Vest Leederville WA 6007	
Injury Management Consultant		Email/Telephone Number	
Claims Consultant		Email/Telephone Number	
MEDICAL DETAILS:			
Treating Practitioner		Doctor Contacted	☐ Yes ☐ No
Email/Telephone Number		Date of Contact	
Address			
Date of Current Medical Cert		Medical Cert Expiry Date	
Restrictions (as outlined in medical certificate/ discussed with medical practitioner)			
Treatment/Medication			
Date of Next Appointment		Timeframe for Estimated	

RETURN TO	WORK GOAL:							
Same Employe	er / Same Job	☐ Yes ☐	] No	New Employer	/ Similar Job	☐ Yes	□ No	
Same Employe	er / Modified Job	☐ Yes ☐ No		New Employer	Employer / Modified Job		□ No	
Same Employe	er / New Job	☐ Yes ☐ No New Employer			/ New Job	New Job Yes No		
PROGRAM I	DETAILS:							
Week Commencing	Hours of Work (Start & Finish Times)	Days of Work	Duties		Restrictions		Review Dates	
Stage 1								
Stage 2					l		l	
Stage 3	,						,	
Stage 4	T	T	T				T	
	Pre-injury hours	Pre-injury roster	Pre-injury o	duties	N/A			
REQUIRED ACTIONS:								
Action Person Responsible					Completion/l	Review Da	ite	
Attend required maintain curren	treatment and t medical certificatio	n						
Cease any tasks causing symptom aggravation and notify supervisor								
Further return to work review meeting								
AGREEMEN	T:							
Worker's Sign	ature:				Date:			
Employer's Sig	gnature:	<del></del>	<del> </del>		Date:		<del></del>	
Medical Practi	tioner's Signature	·		<del></del>	Date:			

∞	
٤	
요	

# WAGES/SALARIES REIMBURSEMENT SCHEDULE

	Telephone: (08) 9483 8888 Facsimile:  (08) 9483 8898	
PLOYER	POSTAL ADDRESS	

Comments	& Invoice No.						
Compensation Paid	၁						
Com	❖						
Total	Hours Paid						
Partial	Hours Paid						
Full	Days Paid						
Paid	To						
Period Paid	From						
After 13 Weeks	Weekly Rate Paid						
First 13 Weeks							
Date of	Injury						
Claim	No.						
Worker's	Name						

REFER NOTES ON BACK OF FORM

TOTALS

# \* NOTES TO ASSIST IN COMPLETING THIS FORM

- Complete <u>ALL</u> columns with required data
- Payment for full days to be shown in the FULL DAYS PAID column
- Payments less than a full day to be shown in the PARTIAL HOURS PAID column
  - Show the total hours paid in the TOTAL HOURS PAID column

# **EXAMPLE:**

			First 13	After 13	Period Paid	Paid				Compensation	ation	
Worker's	Claim No.	Date of	Weeks	Weeks			큔	Partial Total	Total	Paid		Comments
Name		Injury					Days	Hours	Hours			ø
			Weekly	Weekly Rate	From To	70	Paid	Paid	Paid			Invoice No.
			Rate Paid	Paid						\$	J	
Bill Brown	2154	2154 28/01/02	650.00	495.00	28/1/02	28/1/02		4.5	4.5	92	97	97 INV 4523
					29/1/02 31/1/02	31/1/02	m		22.8	390	00	00 INV 4523 RTW 3/2/02

• If the worker is paid different hours on different days use a separate line for each day - Refer example:

			First 13	After 13	Period Paid	Paid				Compensation	ation	
Worker's	Claim No.	Date of	Weeks	Weeks			E.	Partial	Total	Paid		Comments
Name		Injury					Days	Hours	Hours			<b>&amp;</b>
			Weekly	Weekly Rate	From	70	Paid	Paid	Paid			Invoice No.
			Rate Paid	Paid						\$	ပ	
Bill Brown	2154	28/01/02	650.00	495.00	28/1/02	28/1/02		4.5	4.5	92	97	INV 4523 Physio
					29/1/02	29/1/02		3.5	3.5	59	87	INV 4523 Physio
					30/1/02	30/1/02		5.0	5.0	85	53	INV 4523 Physio

• Workers are entitled to the higher rate for the first 4 weeks or up to 152 hours if working a 76 hour fortnight. It is not necessary to attach an invoice. You may wish to write your invoice number in the appropriate column



### APPLICATION FOR EXPENSES REIMBURSEMENT

Dear Sir/Madam	
In order to claim reimbursement of travel and other expenses th and returned to your employer for payment of reasonable exper	·
Name:	Claim Number:
Address:	
Employer's Name:	

### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THIS FORM**

To verify attendance for medical treatment acknowledgement by the service provider is required in the column highlighted (Refer other side)

Write your name, address, claim number, and employer's name in the spaces above.

Fill in the details of the travel for which you are claiming in the spaces over the page, making sure you sign and date the declaration at the bottom of the page.

If you are claiming for fares paid for public transport or taxis or other "out of pocket" expenses please attach tickets or receipts

NOTE: Transport by taxi must be confirmed by the treating doctor, as being medically necessary.

If you are claiming for the use of your own car, show the distance travelled foreach trip to the nearest 1/10th of a kilometre.

### Example for completing the back of this form

Date of Expense	From Suburb	To Suburb	Reason for Travel	Means of Travel	Distance	Type of Expense	Amount of Expense
11/8/02	Fremantle	Dr Smith West Perth	Consultation	Bus			\$2.20
11/8/02	West Perth	Fremantle	Home after Doctor	Bus			\$2.20
14/8/02	Fremantle	Mr Jones Melville	Physiotherapy	Car	7.4km		
14/8/02	Melville	Fremantle	Go home after Physiotherapy	Car	7.4 km		
15/8/02						Medication	\$17.00



# APPLICATION FOR EXPENSES REIMBURSEMENT

	From Suburb	To Suburb				(Travel,	Amount of
			Reason for Travel	Means of Travel	Distance in Kilometres	medication, etc)	Expense
					٠		\$
							\$
							\$
							\$
					٠		\$
					٠		\$
					٠		\$
							\$
					٠		\$
							\$
							\$
							\$
							\$
							\$
							\$
							\$

I declare that the details on this form are rue and correct and that they relate to my compensable disability.

Name:	Claim Number:
Signature:	Date
OFFICE USE ONLY	

	km <b>\$</b>	\$	Total   \$
	⊄ per km	K	
	<b>@</b>	enses incurred	
<b>OFFICE USE ONLY</b>	<b>Total Kilometres</b>	Total of other expenses incurred	

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2 Bedbrook Place Shenton Park WA 6008 Ph 08 9388 5555 Advisory 1300 794 744 www.workcover.wa.gov.au

# WORKPLACE REHABILITATION REFERRAL

**Form 310** 

Workplace Rehabilitation Provider						
Details						
Worker's Name						
Insurer						
Claim Number						
Date of Injury						
Phone						
Referral						
Specific Service		☐ Functiona	l Capac	ity	☐ Job Demands	
		☐ Vocationa	ıl		☐ Workplace	
		☐ Ergonomic			☐ Aids & Appliances	
Rehabilitation Pro						
Status of Worker						
☐ Working / Full Capacity		□ Not Working / Full Capacity				
☐ Working / Partial Capacity		<ul><li>☐ Not Working / Partial Capacity</li><li>☐ Not Working / No Capacity</li></ul>				
<u>I</u>						
Employer Details						
Company						
Contact Name						
Address						
Phone	Email					
Medical Practitioner						
Practice						
Name						
Address	uddress					
Phone	Phone Email					
Source of Referral						
☐ Medical Practitioner ☐ Employer ☐ Insurer ☐ Legal Representative/Worker						
Referrer						
Signature						
Name						
Date						

Insurer – Submit referral into WorkCover WA Online
Employer, Medical Practitioner and Worker – Provide form to the Insurer or WRP
WRP – Provide form to the Insurer

### How to make a Workplace Rehabilitation Referral

Where factors are identified that may interfere with an employer's ability to develop a return to work program for an injured worker, the assistance of an approved workplace rehabilitation provider may be sought. Either the employer or treating medical practitioner is able to initiate a referral, in consultation with the other key parties.

### Referral Type

There are two types of referrals that can be made:

### Referral for a Workplace Rehabilitation Assessment:

This form of referral requires consultation between all **key parties**, that is, the treating medical practitioner, employer and injured worker. Consultation refers to verbal or written communication between those key parties obtaining support for the referral. For example, if you are an employer requesting the referral, you are required to consult with the treating medical practitioner and indicate this by ticking the box.

If a referral is required for an assessment it may or may not proceed to a full rehabilitation programme.

Examples of when a referral for assessment may be required include:

- If the injured worker, due to their injury, cannot carry out pre-injury duties
- If there is a need to assess the suitability for a return to work programme with a new employer
- To determine the need for retraining
- There is difficulty determining suitable duties.

### 2. Referral for Specific Services:

A referral for a **Specific Service** can be initiated by either the employer or treating medical practitioner in consultation with the worker. This referral is for a one off intervention or specialist service.

In both cases the referring party must indicate that they have consulted with the worker and the worker has nominated the chosen provider.

A list of Approved Workplace Rehabilitation Providers is available from WorkCover WA.

### Types of specific Workplace Rehabilitation Services

**Specific Services** are a one off intervention or specialist service required to assist key parties in the injury management coordination. Below are some examples of specific services.

### Functional Capacity Assessment

A Functional Capacity Assessment is an assessment the worker's functional capacity. This assessment objectively measures an injured worker's physical abilities and limitations.

This assessment is best utilised when a specific job or duties have been identified and clarification of the injured worker's physical ability to undertake the identified job is required.

### Ergonomic Assessment

Activities associated with assessing how a particular work environment would affect the worker. Can include the delivery of client training and education for injury management and related topics, e.g. back education and relaxation and stress management.

### Job Demands Assessment

Identifies the full range of demands of a specific job e.g. physical, cognitive, sensory and psychological demands.

This can assist a medical practitioner understand the full range of requirements of particular jobs. It is important the medical practitioner understands the job requirements so they can provide appropriate medical clearance and assist setting realistic vocational goals.

### Workplace Assessment

Activities associated with assessing the suitability of various workplace alternatives and other job options to identify possible suitable duties or make recommendations for workplace modifications and/or job redesign to accommodate an injured worker's return to work or promote a safe work environment.

This assessment can be of benefit when an employer is unsure if they have any duties that would be suitable for the injured worker in their workplace or the treating Medical Practitioner requires advice if the employer has any duties that would be suitable for the injured worker. It is also of assistance if job redesign or additional equipment would assist the injured worker to return to work.



## **Resources and Information**

LGIS WorkCare

9483 8888

LGIS Website

www.LGISwa.com.au

WorkCover WA website

www.workcover.wa.gov.au

WorkCover WA Advisory Service Telephone

1300 794 744

Workers' Compensation and Injury Management Act (1981)

Workers' Compensation Code of Practice (Injury Management) 2005